



## 2025 Point in Time Count **Overview**

	Emergency Shelter	Transitional Housing	Unsheltered	Total
All Households	225	30	71	326
All Persons	301	80	79	460

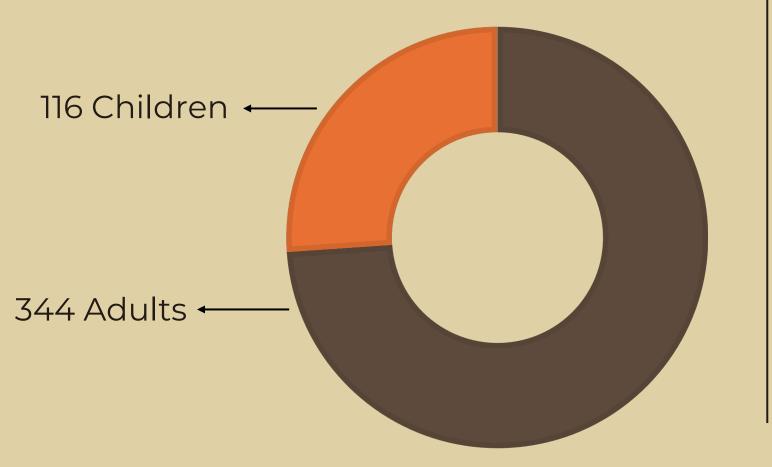
#### Household Types —

5 1	Emergency Shelter	Transitional Housing	Unsheltered	Total
Adult Only Households (Total Persons)	188	15	69	272
Adult & Child Households (Total Persons)	113	65	7	185
Child Only Households (Total Persons)	0	Ο	1	1



# 460

Homeless individuals in York County on January 22, 2025



## 326

Homeless Households in York County on January 22, 2025

83%

Adult Only Households

12%

Adult & Child Households

5%

Child Only Households



Children under 18

116

Youth 18 - 24

43

Adults 25 - 34

68

Adults 35 - 44

**73** 

Adults 45 - 54

65

Adults 55 - 64

67

Adults 65 +

28

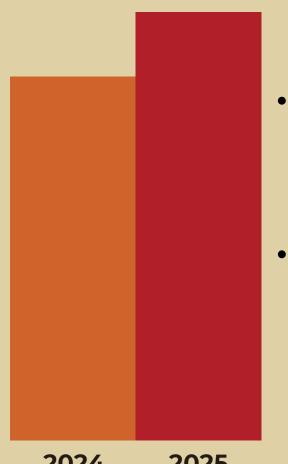


#### Race & Ethnicity

```
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander + Hispanic/Latino/e/o
        Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander
  6
         American Indian, Alaska Native, or Indigenous
         Multi - Racial + Hispanic/Latino/e/o
  7
  8
          Black, African American, or African + Hispanic/Latino/e/o
  9
            Middle Eastern or North African + Hispanic/Latino/e/o
 10
            White + Hispanic/Latino/e/o
            Multi – Racial (Not Hispanic/Latino/e/o)
  11
 47
                          Hispanic/Latino/e/o
                                                                              Black, African American, or African
171
                                                                                   White
186
```



## 2024 vs. 2025: Individuals



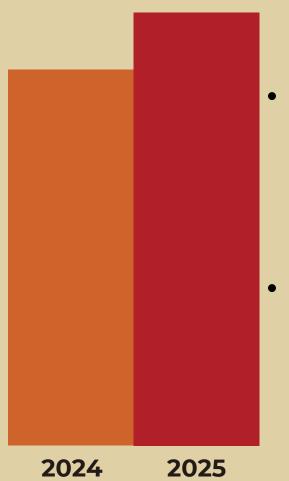
**391** homeless individuals in 2024

**460** homeless individuals in 2025

# 17% Increase



#### 2024 vs. 2025: Households



283

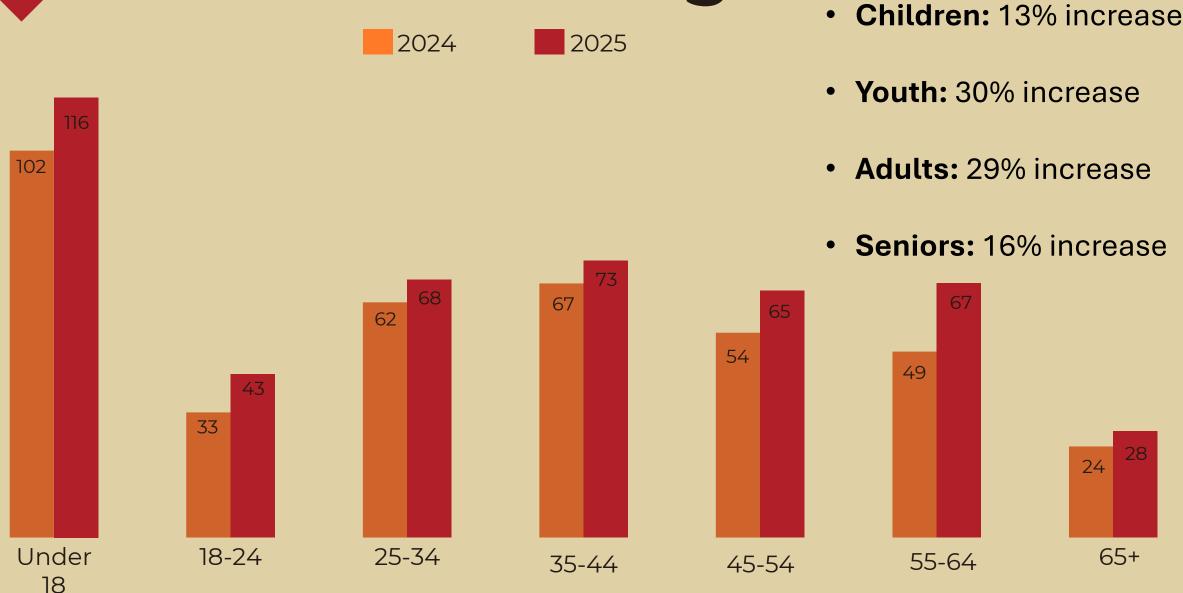
 homeless
 households
 in 2024

homeless households in 2025

# 15% Increase



### 2024 vs. 2025: **Ages**





# 2025 Housing Inventory Chart

- The Housing Inventory Chart (HIC) is also mandated for all communities in the United States by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)
- The HIC must be conducted during the same timeframe as the PIT for data continuity
- The HIC categorizes housing types by emergency shelter, transitional housing, rapid rehousing, and permanent supportive housing
- The HIC collects information on bed availability and target populations served by each program, as well as all funding programs by federal, state, or local sources

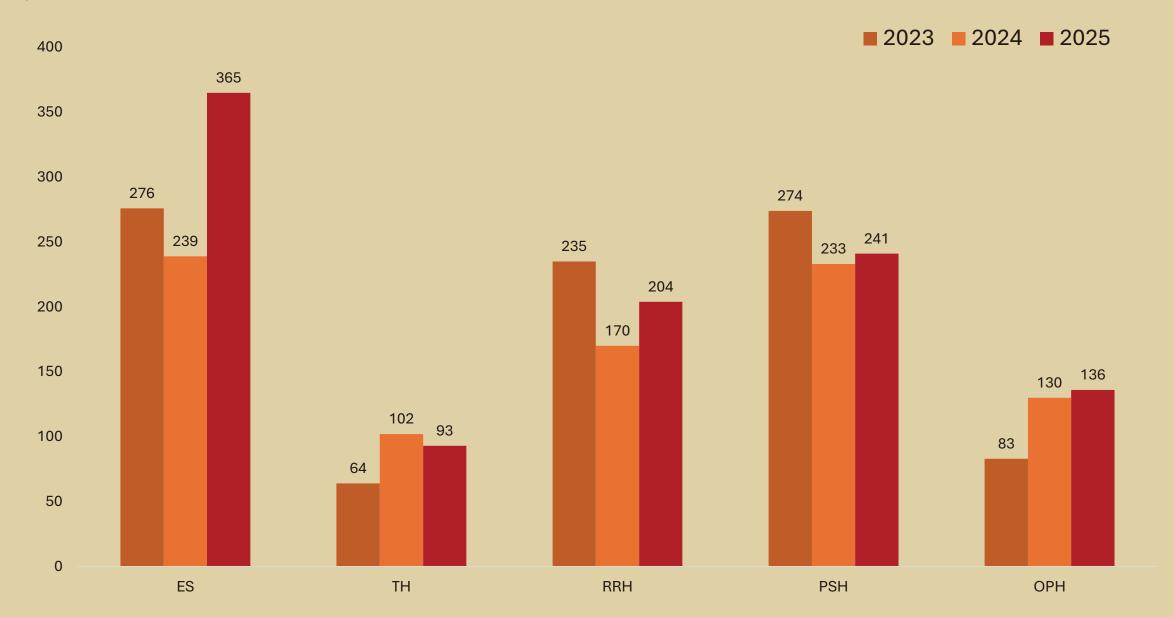


## Summary

	Emergency Shelter	Transitional Housing	Supportive Permanent Housing	Other Permanent Housing	Rapid Re-Housing
Total Beds Available	365	93	241	136	204
Point in Time Count	301	80	190	136	204
Utilization Rate	82%	86%	79%	100%	100%



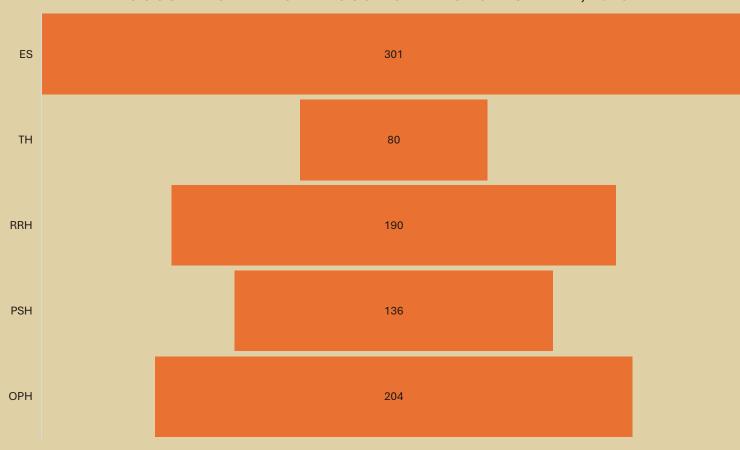
#### Housing Inventory Chart Total Beds by Housing Type 2023 - 2025





#### OCCUPANCY RATES BY HOUSING TYPE ON JANUARY 22, 2025

Occupancy Rates by Housing Type on January 24, 2024 (Point in Time Count Date)





## PIT & HIC Relationship

- The PIT & HIC counts provide complementary data
  - The PIT provides a count of <u>people</u> experiencing homelessness
  - The HIC provides available housing options to address that need – during the same timeframe

- Analysis of gaps
  - By comparing PIT counts to HIC data, we can identify potential gaps in shelter capacity & target areas for improvement



#### Benefits & Limitations of PIT/HIC Data

#### **Benefits**

- Every community collects data consistent cross-community analysis
- Compare similarities among populations across the state & the nation
- Helps build and maintain community partnerships
- Trends can be reviewed on how homelessness fluctuates
- Allows communication about significant bed availability changes between providers <u>at least</u> once per year
- Allows at-least annual analysis of bed/unit utilization amongst providers of housing

#### Limitations

- Homelessness varies from day-to-day
- Overall unsheltered numbers are lower during cold months
- Weather has an impact
- Timing of tax returns and end-ofmonth income impacts the count
- Housing programs that happen to be turning over beds/units to new clients may be caught in a "low utilization" 24-hour period that doesn't reflect their normal utilization